

A New Approach for the Synthesis of 3-Substituted Cytotoxic Nor-β-Lapachones

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Experimental

General information

Reagents were purchased from Sigma Aldrich and were used without further purification. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel 60 (Merck 70-230 mesh). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed with silica gel plates (Merck, TLC silica gel 60 F254), and the plates were visualized using UV light or aqueous solutions of ammonium sulfate. Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically homogeneous materials. Melting points were obtained on a Fischer-Johns apparatus and were uncorrected. Infrared spectra were measured using KBr pellets on a Perkin-Elmer model 1420 FTIR (Fourier transform infrared) spectrophotometer, calibrated relative to the 1601.8 cm⁻¹ absorbance of polystyrene. Nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectra were recorded on a Varian Unity Plus VXR (500 MHz) instrument in CDCl₃ solutions. The chemical shift data were reported in units of δ (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane or the solvent, which were used as an internal standard; coupling constants (J) are reported in Hz and refer to apparent peak multiplicities. The high resolution mass spectra (electrospray ionization) were obtained using a QTOF Micro (Waters, Manchester, UK) mass spectrometer (high resolution electron spray ionization mass spectroscopy, HRESIMS).

General procedure for 11 a 17

To a solution of nor-lapachol (5, 228 mg, 1 mmol) in 25 mL of solvent, it was added 2 mL of bromine (6 g, 38 mmol) under an inert atmosphere. The bromo intermediate precipitated immediately as an orange solid. After removal of the bromine under reduced pressure, the nucleophile (2 mmol) was added to this mixture and stirred, after which the crude product was poured into 50 mL of water. The organic phase was separated and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution (3×50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated under reduced pressure. The mixture was purified by column chromatography in silica gel and eluted with an increasing polarity gradient mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate.

3-((2-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)ethyl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-*b*]furan-4,5-dione (**11**): stirred for 5 h in chloroform; yellow solid 6%; mp 239-240 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3450, 2968, 2936, 2871, 1701, 1658, 1648, 1617, 1589, 1570, 1493, 1453, 1405, 1372, 1347, 1278, 1262, 1222, 1116, 1084, 1401, 981, 827; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.25 ((C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 1.59 ((C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 2.23 (d, 2H, *J* 5.3 Hz, -NH-CH₂-C<u>H₂</u>), 2.37 (d, 2H, *J* 5.3 Hz, -NH-C<u>H₂</u>), 5.01 (s, 1H, H3), 5.81 (s, 1H, H7'), 7.62-7.65 (m, 2H, H3', H4'), 7.66-7.73 (m, 2H, H2', H5'), 8.07 (td, 2H, *J* 7.8, 0.9 Hz, H.7, H8), 8.11-8.13 (m, 2H, H6, H9); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.4 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 26.6 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 29.6 (C8'), 53.3 (C9'), 75.0 (C3), 96.6 (C2), 112.4 (C3a), 117.3 (C6'), 122.6 (C.7'), 125.8 (C9a),

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127.3 (C5a'), 129.3 (C6), 130.2 (C3', C4'), 131.1 (C5a), 125.1, 132.5, 134.5 (C7, C8, C9), 135.3 (C2', C5'), 147.0 (C1a'), 170.6 (C9b), 176.0 (C4), 181.1 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 387.1701 [M + H]⁺ (Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₃N₂O₃⁺ 387.1703).

2,2-Dimethyl-3-((2,4-dibromophenyl)amino)-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (12): stirred for 72 h in chloroform; orange solid 75%; mp 300-301 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3407, 1664, 1615, 1582, 1489, 1450, 1395, 1322, 1258, 1218, 1083, 792; ¹H NMR (CDCl₂, 500 MHz) δ 1.54 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H</u>₃), 1.66 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H</u>₃), 4.47 (d, 1H, J 6.8 Hz, NH), 4.83 (d, 1H, J 6.8 Hz, H3), 6.55 (d, 1H, J 8.8 Hz, H6'), 7.29 (dd, 1H, J 8.8, 2.4 Hz, H-5'), 7.56 (d, 1H, J 2.4 Hz, H3'), 7.75-7.64 (m, 1H, H7), 7.75-7.64 (m, 1H, H8), 7.75-7.64 (m, 1H, H9), 8.14 (d, 1H, J 7.8 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 21.7 (C2)-CH₃), 27.2 (C2)-CH₃), 61.5 (C3), 96.9 (C2), 113.0 (C4'), 115.1 (C3a), 118.0 (C6'), 121.2 (C2'), 127.3 (C9a), 129.2 (C6), 129.4 (C3' and C5'), 131.1 (C5a), 125.0, 132.5, 134.6 (C-7, C-8, C-9), 147.2 (C1'), 169.7 (C9b), 175.4 (C4), 180.9 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 475.9486 [M + H]+ (Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{16}Br_2NO_3^+$ 475.9491).

3-((1H-Benzo[d][1,2,3]triazol-1-yl)oxy)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (13): stirred for 5 h in chloroform; orange solid 10%; mp 198-199 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 2965, 2927, 1659, 1623, 1591, 1497, 1461, 1405, 1361, 1254, 1218, 1161, 1110, 1084, 749; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) & 1.32 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.88 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 6.50 (s, 1H, H3), 7.62 (t, 2H, J 7.8 Hz, H5', H6'), 7.96-7.93 (m, 1H, H4'), 7.96-7.93 (m, 1H, H7'), 8.10-7.99 (m, 1H, H7), 8.10-7.99 (m, 1H, H8), 8.10-7.99 (m, 1H, H9), 8.17 (dd, 1H, J 8.3, 1.5 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 21.5 (C2)-CH₃), 22.9 (C2)-CH₃), 66.4 (C3), 95.1 (C2), 112.7 (C3a), 115.5 (C4'), 126.1 (C5', C6'), 126.3 (C9a), 128.8 (C6), 129.8 (C7'), 130.4 (C5a), 131.3 (C3a'), 125.1, 133.5, 134.3 (C7, C8, C9), 134.4 (C7a'), 171.6 (C9b), 174.4 (C4), 179.8 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 362.1141 [M + H]^{+.} (Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₆N₃O₄⁺ 362.1135).

2,2-Dimethyl-3-((5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)amino)-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-*b*]furan-4,5-dione (**14**): stirred for 5 h in chloroform. Yellow solid 7%; mp 242-243 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3388, 2927, 1703, 1646, 1614, 1570, 1493, 1453, 1409, 1345, 1319, 1225, 1166, 1116, 1075, 798, 781; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.47 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 1.62 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 3.62-3.72 (m, 1H, N<u>H</u>), 3.80-3.90 (m, 1H, H2'), 4.55 (s, 1H, H3), 7.57-7.68 (m, 3H, H7), 7.57-7.68 (m, 3H, H8), 7.57-7.68 (m, 3H, H9), 8.09 (dd, 1H, *J* 7.33, 1.4 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 22.5 ((C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 27.0 ((C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 66.0 (C3), 95.2 (C.2), 110.9 (<u>C</u>F₃), 111.3 (C3a), 126.6 (C9a), 128.7 (C6), 131.9 (C5a), 132.7 (C3'), 124.9, 132.9, 134.6 (C7, C8, C9), 148.0 (C5'), 169.7 (C9b), 174.6 (C4), 179.8 (C5).

(Z)-3-((4-Bromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-methyl-1Hpyrazol-5-yl)imino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b] furan-4,5-dione (15) and 3-((4-bromo-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1Hpyrazol-5-yl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b] furan-4.5-dione (16): stirred for 5 h in chloroform: 15 and 16 were isolated as a red solid 10 and 6%, respectively; 15: mp 210-212 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1655, 1614, 1586, 1568, 1563, 1532, 1493, 1412, 1262, 1218, 1113, 1083; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.23 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H</u>₃), 1.64 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 7.46-7.56 (m, 1H, H7), 7.46-7.56 (m, 1H, H8), 7.46-7.56 (m, 1H, H9), 7.63 (dd, 2H, J 8.3, 1.5 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.80 (dd, 2H, J 8.3, 1.5 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.94 (d, 1H, J 7.8 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) & 13.1 (<u>C</u>H₃), 22.2 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 29.2 (C2)-CH₃), 96.6 (C2), 101.3 (C4'), 119.7 (C3a), 123.5 (C2", C6"), 126.8 (C9a), 127.6 (C4"), 128.9 (C3", C5"), 129.8 (C6), 131.8 (C5a), 124.9, 132.3, 134.5 (C7, C8, C9), 137.7 (C1"), 150.4 (C3'), 151.7 (C5'), 165.9 (C3), 169.9 (C9b), 174.7 (C4), 180.4 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 553.9733 [M + H]+ (Calcd for C₂₄H₁₈Br₂N₃O₃⁺ 553.9709). **16**: mp 200-201 °C; IR (KBr) n/cm⁻¹ 1655, 1644, 1616, 1566, 1498, 1491, 1449, 1404, 1352, 1217, 1092; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.43 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.60 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 2.24 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.52 (d, 1H, J 9.8 Hz, NH), 4.75 (d, 1H, J 9.8 Hz, H3), 7.48 (dd, 2H, J 9.0, 2.4 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.55 (dd, 2H, J 9.0, 2.4 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.68-7.60 (m, 1H, H7), 7.68-7.60 (m, 1H, H8), 7.68-7.60 (m, 1H, H9), 8.11 (dt, 1H, J 7.0, 1.4 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₂, 125 MHz) δ 12.8 (<u>CH₂</u>), 22.0 (C2)-CH₃), 26.7 (C2)-CH₃), 62.0 (C3), 80.4 (C4'), 95.9 (C2), 115.5 (C3a), 124.9 (C2", C6"), 127.2 (C9a), 127.5 (C4"), 128.1 (C3", C5"), 129.5 (C6), 131.1 (C5a), 125.2, 132.5, 134.5 (C7, C8, C9), 138.7 (C1"), 142.5 (C3'), 147.7 (C5'), 169.3 (C9b), 175.1 (C4), 180.6 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 555.9854 $[M + H]^+$ (Calcd. for $C_{24}H_{20}Br_2N_3O_3^+$ 555.9866).

3-((4-Bromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-*b*]furan-4,5-dione (**17**): stirred for 5 h in THF; red solid 33%; mp 221-222 °C; (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1654, 1623, 1590, 1566, 1562, 1536, 1494, 1450, 1413, 1385, 1377, 1222, 1113; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.40 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 1.59 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 2.24 (s, 3H, C<u>H₃</u>), 3.63 (d, 1H, *J* 9.6 Hz, N<u>H</u>), 4.86 (d, 1H, *J* 9.6 Hz, H3), 7.30 (tt, 1H, *J* 7.3, 2.0 Hz, H4"), 7.43 (td, 2H, *J* 7.3, 2.0 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.55 (dt, 2H, *J* 7.0, 1.4 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.61-7.67 (m, 1H, H7), 7.61-7.67 (m, 1H, H8), 7.61-7.67 (m, 1H, H9), 8.08 (dt, 1H, *J* 7.0, 1.5 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 12.4 (<u>CH₃</u>), 21.6 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 26.3 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 61.6 (C3), 80.0 (C4'), 95.5 (C2), 115.1 (C3a), 124.5 (C2", C-6"), 126.1 (C6), 126.8 (C9a), 127.7 (C4"), 129.1 (C3", C5"), 130.7 (C5a), 124.8, 132.1, 134.1 (C7, C8, C9), 138.3 (C1"), 142.1 (C3'), 147.3 (C5'), 168.9 (C9b), 174.7 (C4), 180.3 (C5); HRESIMS *m*/*z* 478.0758 [M + H]⁺ (Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₀BrN₃O₃⁺ 478.0761).

General procedure for 3-hydroxy-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (**18**)

To a solution of nor-lapachol (5, 228 mg, 1 mmol) in 25 mL of solvent, it was added 2 mL of bromine (6 g, 38 mmol) under an inert atmosphere. The bromo intermediate precipitate immediately as an orange solid and the mixture was poured into a saturated aqueous solution of sodium bisulfite. After solution was extracted with ethyl acetate and the organic phase was separated and washed with sodium bicarbonate solution $(3 \times 50 \text{ mL})$, dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. The mixture was purified by column chromatography in silica gel and eluted with an increasing polarity gradient mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate. Orange solid 60%; mp 300 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3447, 2985, 1698, 1653, 1615, 1588, 1571, 1222, 1115, 1082, 970, 836; ¹H NMR (CDCl₂, 500 MHz) δ 1.51 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₂), 1.65 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 5.04 (s, 1H, H3), 7.60-7.73 (m, 3H, H7), 7.60-7.73 (m, 3H, H8), 7.60-7.73 (m, 3H, H9), 8.10 (dd, 1H, J 7.33, 0.58 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.1 ((C2)-CH₃), 26.2 ((C2)-CH₃), 74.7 (C3), 96.4 (C.2), 117.0 (C3a), 127.0 (C9a), 129.0 (C6), 130.8 (C5a), 124.7, 132.2, 134.2 (C7, C8, C9), 170.4 (C9b), 175.7 (C4), 180.8 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 245.0811 [M + H]⁺ (Calcd. for $C_{20}H_{16}Br_2NO_3^+ 245.0736$).

General procedure for 19a-h

To a solution of 3-hydroxy-*nor*- β -lapachone (**18**, 50 mg, 0.2 mmol) in 2 mL of chloroform, 0.01 mL of methanesulfonic acid (20 mg, 1 mmol) was added under an inert atmosphere. This mixture was stirred for 1 h. Then, 1.2 mmol of 1*H*-pyrazol-5-amine or the alcohol derived of carbohydrate acetonides were added to this mixture and, immediately, this solution was transferred to another flask containing anhydrous sodium sulfate. The reaction was stirred for 5 h and the organic phase was separated and washed with sodium bicarbonate (3 × 50 mL) and distilled water (3 × 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and evaporated under reduced pressure to yield a solid, which was purified by column chromatography in silica gel and eluted with an increasing polarity gradient mixture of hexane and ethyl acetate.

2,2-Dimethyl-3-((3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl) amino)-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19a): orange solid 52%; mp 196-198 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1655, 1620, 1589, 1569, 1560, 1532, 1492, 1451, 1411, 1386, 1373, 1220, 1110; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.53 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.58 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 2.18 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.97 (d, 1H, J 5.7 Hz, NH), 4.60 (d, 1H, J 5.7 Hz, H3), 5.28 (s, 1H, H4'), 7.22 (d, 1H, J7.5 Hz, H4"), 7.35 (t, 2H, J 7.5 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.44 (d, 2H, J 7.5 Hz, H2", H-6"), 7.55-7.61 (m, 1H, H7), 7.55-7.61 (m, 1H, H8), 7.55-7.61 (m, 1H, H9), 8.04 (d, 1H, J 8.0 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 13.6 (CH₃), 21.1 (C2)-CH₃), 27.5 (C2)-CH₃), 63.3 (C3), 87.9 (C4'), 96.0 (C2), 113.6 (C3a), 124.1 (C-2'', C6"), 126.7 (C9a), 127.0 (C4"), 129.2 (C3", C5"), 129.2 (C6), 130.7 (C5a), 124.7, 132.2, 134.2 (C7, C8, C9), 137.9 (C1"), 146.6 (C5'), 148.7 (C3'), 169.3 (C9b), 174.9 (C4), 180.3 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 400.1661 [M + H]+. (Calcd. for $C_{24}H_{22}N_3O_3^+$ 400.1656).

3-((3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl) amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19b): orange solid 29%; mp 230-232 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3409, 3311, 1613, 1563, 1529, 1502, 1458, 1440, 1412, 1374, 1248, 1149, 1112, 1081, 1051, 1025, 996, 889, 772; ¹H NMR (CDCl₂, 500 MHz) δ 1.25 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.70 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 3.83 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 4.11 (d, 1H, J 5.8 Hz, NH), 4.77 (d, 1H, J 5.8 Hz, H3), 5.91 (s, 1H, H4'), 6.92 (dd, 2H, J 9.3, 2.4 Hz, H3"', 5"'), 7.31-7.37 (m, 1H, H4"), 7.44-7.50 (m, 2H, H3", H-5"), 7.63 (d, 2H, J 7.3 Hz, H2", H-6"), 7.75 (dd, 2H, J 9.2, 2.4 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.59 (d, 1H, J7.8 Hz, H7), 7.65-7.72 (m, 2H, H-8, H-9), 8.11 (d, 1H, J 7.8 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 21.5 (CH₃), 27.9 (C2)-CH₃), 55.2 OCH₃), 63.7 (C3), 85.3 (C4'), 96.3 (C2), 113.9 (C3a), 124.0 (C2", C6"), 126.8 (C2"", C6""), 127.0 (C9a), 127.6 (C4"), 129.3 (C6), 129.5 (C3", C5"), 129.6 (C3"", C-5""), 131.1 (C5a), 124.7, 132.6, 134.5 (C-7, C-8, C-9), 138.2 (C1""), 145.7 (C4'''), 147.3 (C5'), 151.1 (C3'), 159,4 (C1''), 169.7 (C9b), 175.3 (C4), 180.6 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 492.1925 [M + H]+. (Calcd. for $C_{30}H_{26}N_3O_4^+$ 492.1918).

3-((1,3-Diphenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-yl)amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-*b*]furan-4,5-dione (**19c**): orange solid 37%; mp 202-203 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1653, 1617, 1590, 1561, 1516, 1494, 1455, 1401, 1384, 1082, 725, 691; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.63 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 1.70 (s, 3H, (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 4.12 (d, 1H, *J* 5.8 Hz, N<u>H</u>), 4.78 (d, 1H, *J* 5.8 Hz, H3), 5.85 (s, 1H, H4'), 7.29-7.34 (m, 2H, H-4" e H-4""), 7.38 (t, 2H, *J* 7.8 Hz, H3"', H5"''), 7.46 (t, 2H, *J* 7.3 Hz, H3", H5"'), 7.60 (d, 2H, *J* 7.3 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.81 (d, 2H, *J* 6.8, 2.0 Hz, H2"'', H-6"''), 7.72-7.59 (m, 1H, H7), 7.72-7.59 (m, 1H, H8), 7.72-7.59 (m, 1H, H9), 8.11 (dd, 1H, *J* 6.8 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 21.6 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 28.0 (C2)-C<u>H₃</u>), 63.8 (C3), 85.7 (C4'), 96.4 (C2), 114.0 (C3a), 125.1 (C2", C6"), 125.6 (C3"", C5""), 127.1 (C9a), 127.8 (C4", C4""), 128.4 (C3", C5"), 129.6 (C2"", C6""), 129.7 (C6), 131.2 (C5a), 124.8, 132.7, 134.6 (C7, C8, C9), 133.4 (C1"), 138.3 (C1""), 147.5 (C5'), 151.4 (C3'), 169.7 (C9b), 175.4 (C4), 180.6 (C5); HRESIMS *m*/*z* 462.1810 [M + H]⁺ (Calcd. for C₂₉H₂₄N₃O₃ + 462.1812).

3-((1-(4-Bromophenyl)-3-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-yl) amino)-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19d): orange solid 35%; mp 225-226 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 3383, 1619, 1588, 1561, 1490, 1385, 1070; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.63 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.71 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 4.05 (d, 1H, J 5.7 Hz, NH), 4.77 (d, 1H, J 5.7 Hz, H3), 5.86 (s, 1H, H4'), 7.25 (t, 1H, J7.3 Hz, H4'''), 7.32 (t, 2H, J 7.3 Hz, H3"", H-5""), 7.44 (d, 2H, J 8.8 Hz, H2", H-6"), 7.51 (d, 2H, J 8.8 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.73 (d, 2H, J 7.3 Hz, H2", H-6"), 7.66-7.57 (m, 1H, H7), 7.66-7.57 (m, 1H, H8), 7.66-7.57 (m, 1H, H9), 8.06 (d, 1H, J7.3 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₂, 125 MHz) δ 21.6 (C2)-CH₂), 28.0 (C2)-CH₃), 63.9 (C3), 86.2 (C4'), 96.3 (C2), 113.8 (C3a), 121.4 (C4"),125.6 (C2", C6"), 126.3 (C2"', C6"'), 127.0 (C9a), 128.0 (C3", C5"), 128.5 (C3", C5"), 129.7 (C6), 131.2 (C5a), 133.1 (C1"), 125.2, 132.8, 134.7 (C7, C8, C9), 137.4 (C1'"), 147.5 (C5'), 151.8 (C3'), 169.9 (C9b), 175.5 (C4), 180.6 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 540.0926 [M + H]+ (Calcd. for $C_{29}H_{23}BrN_3O_3^+$ 540.0917).

2,2-Dimethyl-3-((1-phenyl-3-(p-tolyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl) amino)-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19e): orange solid 35%; mp 235-236 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1725, 1651, 1618, 1589, 1561, 1495, 1412, 1253, 1232, 1219, 1112; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.63 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 1.70 (s, 3H, (C2)-CH₃), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃), 4.10 (d, 1H, J 5.8 Hz, NH), 4.77 (d, 1H, J 5.8 Hz, H3), 5.82 (s, 1H, H4'), 7.19 (d, 2H, J 7.8 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.32 (tt, 1H, J 8.4, 2.1 Hz, H4"), 7.46 (td, 2H, J 8.4, 1.5 Hz, H2", H-6"), 7.60 (d, 2H, J 7.8 Hz, H3", H5"), 7.71 (d, 2H, J 7.8 Hz, H2", H6"), 7.69-7.63 (m, 1H, H7), 7.69-7.63 (m, 1H, H8), 7.69-7.63 (m, 1H, H9), 8.11 (dd, 1H, J 7.9, 1.5 Hz, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 21.4 (<u>C</u>H₃), 21.4 (C2)-CH₃), 27.9 (C2)-CH₃), 63.4 (C3), 85.5 (C4'), 96.2 (C2), 113.9 (C3a), 124.0 (C2", C6"), 125.4 (C2"", C6""), 126.9 (C9a), 127.6 (C4"), 129.0 (C3", C5"), 129.3 (C6), 129.5 (C3", C5"), 130.4 (C5a), 124.7, 132.3, 134.5 (C7, C8, C9), 137.4 (C1"), 138.2 (C1""), 147.3 (C5'), 151.3 (C3'), 169.7 (C9b), 175.2 (C4), 180.5 (C5).

3-(1-O-Metil-2,3-O-isopropylideno)-β-D-ribofuranosyl-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19f): orange solid 62%; mp 130-131 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 2921, 1644, 1612, 1567, 1491, 1453, 1405, 1372, 1343, 1271, 1218, 1070, 979, 848, 795, 771, 721, 685; ¹H NMR $(CDCl_3, 500 \text{ MHz}) \delta 1.22 \text{ and } 1.24 \text{ (s, 3H, CH}_3), 1.38 \text{ and}$ 1.40 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.41 and 1.42 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.58 and 1.60 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.24 and 3.25 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.57-3.82 (m. 1H. H5' two diastereoisomers), 4.13-4.27 (m. 1H. H5" two diastereoisomers), 4.49-4.53 (m, 1H, H4' two diastereoisomers), 4.51 (s, 1H, H3), 4.57 and 4.58 (d, 1H, J 6.1 Hz, H2'), 4,62 and 4.63 (d, 1H, J 6.1 Hz, H3'), 4.88 (s, 1H, H-1'), 7.53-7.66 (m, 1H, H7), 7.53-7.66 (m, 1H, H8), 7.53-7.66 (m, 1H, H9), 8.04-8.08 (m, 1H, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) & 20.6 (CH₃), 20.7 (CH₃), 24.9 and 24.8 (<u>CH</u>₃), 26.3 and 26.4 (<u>CH</u>₃), 54.6 and 54.7 (<u>OCH</u>₃), 72.0 and 72.3 (C5'), 81.9 (C3'), 82.5 (C2'), 83.3 (C3), 85.0 and 85.1 (C4'), 95.5 and 95.6 (C2), 109.1 and 109.2 (C1'), 112.2 (C6'), 117.0 (C3a), 125.1 (C7 or C8 or C9), 127.6 (C9a), 129.3 (C7 or C8 or C9), 131.1 (C5a), 132.3 (C7 or C8 or C9), 134.5 (C6), 170.2 (C9b), 175.9 (C4), 181.3 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 431.1686 [M + H]⁺ (Calcd. for $C_{23}H_{27}O_{8}^{+}$ 431.1700).

 $3-(1,2:3,4-di-O-Isopropylideno)-\alpha-D-galactopiranosyl-$ 2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-b]furan-4,5-dione (19g): orange solid 14%; mp 235-236 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1700, 1644, 1612, 1567, 1490, 1452, 1407, 1372, 1342, 1317, 1272, 1217, 1165, 1115, 1071, 981, 952, 901, 850, 825, 795, 770, 721, 682, 653; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.34 (s, 3H, CH_3), 1.35 (s, 3H, CH_3), 1.46 (s, 3H, CH_3), 1.54 (s, 3H, CH_3), 1.63 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.70 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.90-3.81 (m, 1H, H5), 3.90-3.81 (m, 2H, H6'), 4.28 (dd, 1H, J 7.8, 1.5 Hz, H4'), 4.34 (dd, 1H, J 5.1, 2.4 Hz, H2'), 4.53 (s, 1H, H3), 5.58 (d, 1H, J 5.1 Hz, H1'), 7.52-7.65 (m, 1H, H7), 7.52-7.65 (m, 1H, H8), 7.52-7.65 (m, 1H, H9), 8.02-8.07 (m, 1H, H6); 13 C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 24.1 (<u>C</u>H₃), 24.7 (<u>C</u>H₃), 25.7 (<u>CH</u>₃), 25.8 (<u>CH</u>₃), 26.9 (<u>CH</u>₃), 27.8 (<u>CH</u>₃), 62.0 (C6'), 68.0 (C5'), 70.3 (C2'), 70.5 (C3'), 71.3 (C4'), 83.3 (C3), 95.5 (C2), 96.1 (C1'), 108.5 (C8'), 109.2 (C7'), 117.0 (C3a), 125.3 (C7 or C8 or C9), 127.8 (C9a), 129.1 (C7 or C8 or C9), 131.4 (C5a), 132.1 (C7 or C8 or C9), 134.0 (C6), 170.1 (C9b), 176.5 (C4), 181.0 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 487.1966 $[M + H]^{+}$ (Calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}O_{9}^{+}$ 487.1963).

3-(3-*O*-Benzil-1,2-*O*-isopropylideno)-α-D-xilofuranose-2,2-dimethyl-2,3-dihydronaphtho[1,2-*b*]furan-4,5-dione (**19h**): orange solid 11%; mp 125-126 °C; IR (KBr) v/cm⁻¹ 1699, 1644, 1612, 1566, 1491, 1453, 1407, 1373, 1343, 1272, 1219, 1164, 1115, 850, 795, 770, 720, 610; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.33 (s, 3H, C<u>H</u>₃); 1.49 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.63 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.70 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.90-3.81 (m, 1H, H5), 3.85 (dd, 1H, J 5.1, 12.0 Hz, H5'), 3.94 (dd, 1H, J 5.1, 12.0 Hz, H5"), 4.01 (d, 1H, J 3.4 Hz, H3'), 4.03 (td, 1H, J 3.4, 5.1, H4'), 4.51 (s, 1H, H3), 4.49 (d, 1H, *J* 12.0 Hz, CH₂Ph), 4.64 (d, 1H, *J* 3.9 Hz, H2'), 4.72 (d, 1H, J 12.0 Hz, CH₂Ph), 5.99 (d, 1H, J 3.9 Hz, H1'), 7.28-7.40 (m, 5H, Ph), 7.50-7.62 (m, 1H, H7), 7.50-7.62 (m, 1H, H8), 7.50-7.62 (m, 1H, H9), 8.03-8.08 (m, 1H, H6); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) & 26.0 (CH₃), 26.5 (CH₃), 26.9 (CH₃), 27.8 (CH₂), 60.6 (C5'), 71.6 (OCH₂Ph), 82.0 (C2'), 80.0 (C3'), 82.4 (C4'), 83.3 (C3), 95.6 (C2), 111.5 (C6'), 117.0 (C3a), 125.3 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 127.5 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 127.8 (C9a or CHPh), 127.9 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 128.4 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 129.1 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 131.4 (C5a), 132.1 (C7 or C8 or C9 or CHPh), 134.0 (C6), 136.9 (C₀Ph), 170.1 (C9b), 176.5 (C4), 181.0 (C5); HRESIMS m/z 507.2009 [M+H]+ (Calcd. for $C_{29}H_{31}O_8^+$ 507.2013).

MTT assay

The cytotoxicity was tested against OVCAR-8 (ovarian), HCT-116 (colorectal), SF-295 (central nervous

system) and HL-60 (leukaemia) cancer cells. For all experiments, cells were plated in 96-well plates (10⁵ cells *per* well for adherent cells or 0.3×10^5 cells *per* well for suspended cells in 100 µL of medium). After 24 h, all compounds (0.09-62.6 µM) dissolved in 1% DMSO were added to each well using a high-throughput screening system (Biomek 3000-Beckman Coulter, Inc. Fullerton, CA, USA), and the cultures were incubated for 72 h. Doxorubicin (Sigma) was used as a positive control. Control groups received the same amount of DMSO. Tumor cell growth was quantified by the ability of living cells to reduce the yellow dye 3-(4,5-dimethyl-2-thiazolyl)-2,5-diphenyl-2H-tetrazoliumbromide (MTT) to a purple formazan product (Mosmann, 1983). At the end of the incubation, the plates were centrifuged and the medium was replaced with fresh medium (150 µL) containing MTT (0.5 mg mL^{-1}) . After 3 h, the plates were centrifuged, the MTT formazan product was dissolved in 150 µL DMSO. and the absorbance was measured using a multiplate reader (Spectra Count, Packard, Ontario, Canada). The drug effect was quantified as the percentage of the control absorbance of the reduced dye at 595 nm.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 11.



Figure S2. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 11.



Figure S3. HRESIMS spectrum of 11.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 12.







Figure S6. HRESIMS spectrum of 12.



Figure S7. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 13.



Figure S8. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 13.



Figure S9. HRESIMS spectrum of 13.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 14.



Figure S11. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 14.







Figure S13. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 15.



Figure S14. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 15.



Figure S15. HRESIMS spectrum of 15.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 16.



Figure S17. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 16.



Figure S18. HRESIMS spectrum of 16.



Figure S19. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 17.







Figure S21. HRESIMS spectrum of 17.



Figure S22. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 18.







Figure S24. HRESIMS spectrum of 18.

Figure S25. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19a.

Figure S26. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19a.

Figure S27. HRESIMS spectrum of 19a.

Figure S28. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19b.

Figure S29. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19b.

Figure S30. HRESIMS spectrum of 19b.

Figure S31. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19c.

Figure S32. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19c.

Figure S33. HRESIMS spectrum of 19c.

Figure S34. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19d.

Figure S35. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19d.

Figure S36. HRESIMS spectrum of 19d.

Figure S37. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19e.

Figure S38. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19e.

Figure S39. HRESIMS spectrum of 19e.

Figure S41. ¹³C APT NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) spectrum of 19f.

Figure S42. HRESIMS spectrum of 19f.

Figure S43. HRESIMS spectrum of 19g.

Figure S44. HRESIMS spectrum of 19h.